## Paul gets personal

<sup>△</sup> Galatians 4:8-20

#### Intro

# Here we have two subjects in one reading

But what they have in common is that Paul gets personal with the Galatians

In the first part, Paul shows his despair for the Galations

In the second part, Paul uses his appeal to friendship to convince the Galatians to come to his side

### What side was that again?

Well Paul is arguing with the Galatians to not listen to recent visitors

Who try to convince them that they can only be true Christians if they adhere to the Jewish religious customs

Like circumcision or adhering to Jewish festivals

Instead he wants them to accept that these are now not necessary anymore

As Christ Crucifixion and Resurrection have now replaced that

Giving is freedom to live from the

## slavery of adhering to the Law of Moses **Enslaved?** <sup>△</sup> Gal 4:8-11 In this first section, Paul uses the term slavery to make his point But also using this term he expresses his despair with the Galatians 1. Before they followed Christ, they were enslaved To beings that are not God! Paul recognises that the former pagan worship, worshipped something real Beings that are not God The must the thrones, dominions, rulers or powers <sup>△</sup> Col 1:16 Spirits that are not of God They are? 2. Now that they know God Or, that they are now known by God Is that how we view our conversion? That God knows us now that we have accepted him? How can you turn back to those spirits! Controversially, Paul puts the worship practices of Israel in the same category as the Roman/Greek worship of many gods And he calls this slavery!

He is so against Hebrew worship practices

as they are also a form of slavery to adhere to the law as precisely as possible One aspect is to follow the special Jewish religious days That makes us think of our own practice to follow Christmas, Easter, etc. Is that a form of slavery for us? We should celebrate every day as Christmas or Easter! 3. I have wasted my time! This is almost a rejection of the Galatians He almost put his own relationship with the Galatians on the line As he indirectly threatens that he will have to start again from the beginning with them And perhaps also start again with their relationship? Appeal to the special friendship <sup>△</sup> Gal 4:12-20 In this next section Paul appeals to their relationship He calls them friends He reminds that that they have never treated him wrongly implying that if they continue in their current way, that they will do him wrong He reminds them of when they

first met
That it was due to his illness or infirmity he preached the gospel to them
He must have been in a horrible way, perhaps physically repulsive
But despite that, they welcomed him and his message
They were even ready to give their own eyes if that would have helped Paul
Could be a saying like, It cost me an arm and a leg
We would not physically cut of our arms or legs
But it is an expression that they were willing to do a lot for Paul
What infirmity?
One train of thought is that Paul had impaired vision
Others think that due to all the flogging, mistreatment, torture, he had a physical long term disability
Is that the thorn he asked God to remove
His appeal is that the Galatians become like him, as he had
become as them
He had sworn of the Jewish worship practices
Just like they had to sworn off their

So he reminds them to be more like him  Also his physical impairment may be that Paul became more like Christ  He had become physically impaired for the Gospel  Just as Christ had to be crucufied for the Gospel  Paul sacrificed his own wellbeing for the gospel  by taking on his Cross That makes us also think, what kind of discomfort are we willing to accept to proclaim the gospel of Christ?  Paul appeals to their goodwill for him  Now that he tells them the truth, which they had accepted before, will they also reject them?  He them compares the attention of the other missionaries as competitors of him  They want to isolate the Galatians from him (Paul), but also the other Christian fellowships	payan woramp practices	
Also his physical impairment may be that Paul became more like Christ  He had become physically impaired for the Gospel  Just as Christ had to be crucufied for the Gospel  Paul sacrificed his own wellbeing for the gospel  by taking on his Cross  That makes us also think, what kind of discomfort are we willing to accept to proclaim the gospel of Christ?  Paul appeals to their goodwill for him  Now that he tells them the truth, which they had accepted before, will they also reject them?  He them compares the attention of the other missionaries as competitors of him  They want to isolate the Galatians from him (Paul), but also the other Christian	To worship God and Jesus	
be that Paul became more like Christ  He had become physically impaired for the Gospel  Just as Christ had to be crucufied for the Gospel  Paul sacrificed his own wellbeing for the gospel  by taking on his Cross That makes us also think, what kind of discomfort are we willing to accept to proclaim the gospel of Christ?  Paul appeals to their goodwill for him  Now that he tells them the truth, which they had accepted before, will they also reject them?  He them compares the attention of the other missionaries as competitors of him  They want to isolate the Galatians from him (Paul), but also the other Christian	So he reminds them to be more	like him
Just as Christ had to be crucufied for the Gospel  Paul sacrificed his own wellbeing for the gospel  by taking on his Cross  That makes us also think, what kind of discomfort are we willing to accept to proclaim the gospel of Christ?  Paul appeals to their goodwill for him  Now that he tells them the truth, which they had accepted before, will they also reject them?  He them compares the attention of the other missionaries as competitors of him  They want to isolate the Galatians from him (Paul), but also the other Christian	be that Paul became more lik	•
Paul sacrificed his own wellbeing for the gospel  by taking on his Cross  That makes us also think, what kind of discomfort are we willing to accept to proclaim the gospel of Christ?  Paul appeals to their goodwill for him  Now that he tells them the truth, which they had accepted before, will they also reject them?  He them compares the attention of the other missionaries as competitors of him  They want to isolate the Galatians from him (Paul), but also the other Christian		ired for
the gospel  by taking on his Cross  That makes us also think, what kind of discomfort are we willing to accept to proclaim the gospel of Christ?  Paul appeals to their goodwill for him  Now that he tells them the truth, which they had accepted before, will they also reject them?  He them compares the attention of the other missionaries as competitors of him  They want to isolate the Galatians from him (Paul), but also the other Christian		d for
That makes us also think, what kind of discomfort are we willing to accept to proclaim the gospel of Christ?  Paul appeals to their goodwill for him  Now that he tells them the truth, which they had accepted before, will they also reject them?  He them compares the attention of the other missionaries as competitors of him  They want to isolate the Galatians from him (Paul), but also the other Christian		g for
discomfort are we willing to accept to proclaim the gospel of Christ?  Paul appeals to their goodwill for him  Now that he tells them the truth, which they had accepted before, will they also reject them?  He them compares the attention of the other missionaries as competitors of him  They want to isolate the Galatians from him (Paul), but also the other Christian	by taking on his Cross	
Now that he tells them the truth, which they had accepted before, will they also reject them?  He them compares the attention of the other missionaries as competitors of him  They want to isolate the Galatians from him (Paul), but also the other Christian	discomfort are we willing to acce	
they had accepted before, will they also reject them?  He them compares the attention of the other missionaries as competitors of him  They want to isolate the Galatians from him (Paul), but also the other Christian		for
of the other missionaries as competitors of him  They want to isolate the Galatians from him (Paul), but also the other Christian	they had accepted before, will the	
him (Paul), but also the other Christian	of the other missionaries as	ion
	him (Paul), but also the other Ch	

So that they would need to rely on the

וובא וווספוטוומוובס וטו סעףטטונ. Childbirth metaphore Paul refers to birth pains for them He sees that in a way that they have regressed And is in pain for them But also birth pangs / child birth in the bible relates to our second birth in the Spirit But instead of that Paul is in pain for them to accept Christ again He is willing for Christ to be born among them, in their community So that they relate to him as a community And not to these others that have come with a different message What can we learn? First of all enslavement Are we truly free in Christ? Or have we made ourselves slaves to other things Religious practices? Or other enslaving things like, alcohol, gambling Paul makes the point that if we are not in Christ, we are enslaved to something else So maybe we need to review our own lives Friendship

It feels disingenuous to appeal to someone's friendship to convince them to accept Jesus Christ Almost like blackmail But it is interesting that the UK often speaks of the 'special relationship' the UK has with the US Reminding the big brother to listen to little brother Because of our shared language, culture and heritage And that we do not find weird Frienship evangelism Paul made friends when he came. while preaching the gospel He was willing to invest a lot in the relationship And in return the Galatians were willing to also invest a lot in their relationship with Paul Are we willing to invest in our relationship with non-Christians? As that was clearly Paul's practice? So that is the second challenge What are we will to give, invest (emotionally or financially) or give up, in order to win people for Christ? So maybe that is a second aspect of

our lives that we can reflect upon

our lives that we can reflect upon

## Amen